IN THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend paragraphs [0046], [0060], [0061], and [0072] as follows:

[0046] Referring to Figure 2, the circuit breaker panel 20 is operably connected to the electric service entry. The circuit breaker panel 20 includes a plurality of circuit breakers traditionally employed in circuit breaker panels. The circuit breaker panel further includes an ammeter 24 connected to each circuit breaker. Although a plurality of ammeters can be used in a one-to-one correspondence to the circuit breakers, it is understand—understood that the ammeter can be selectively connected to a given circuit breaker to provide a measurement of current through a given circuit breaker. A female receptacle is connected to each ammeter and is exposed for interconnection to the prefabricated conductors 40.

[0060] The standard length conductors 40 have at least one male receptacle 50 and one female receptacle 60. The specific ratio of male-to-female receptacles can be carried varied depending upon the intended application. Each male receptacle 50 is configured to engage an upstream energized line, while the female receptacle 60 provides for downstream connection to an unenergized portion of the circuit.

[0061] Further, the prefabricated electrical standard length conductors 40 provide for continuity of electrical polarization having a unique or offset electrode configuration. Thus, the male and female receptacles can be operably interconnected in only a single predetermined orientation. As seen in Figures 3B and 4A–4H, the conductors and receptacles are configured to require the unique interconnection.

[0072] Referring to Figure 9, the rear of the power module 130 includes a power input receptacle 150 50 and a parallel power circuit receptacle 60. The power input

receptacle is a male connection, wherein the blades 52 are sufficiently recessed such that a free end of the blades is recessed from adjacent portion of the rear of the module. The parallel power circuit receptacle is a female receptacle.